

## Formulation - Explanation & Example

Ex. Pyroxene - (ideal formula:  $\text{Ca}(\text{Mg,Fe})\text{Si}_2\text{O}_6$ )

### Calculations:

given		sum of atomic weights for oxide	mol. proportion = wt% ÷ mol. wt.	cation prop. = mol. prop x # of cations in oxide	oxygen prop. = mol. prop x # of oxygens in oxide	cations based on ideal = cation prop x correction factor
Element expressed as oxide	Weight %	Mol. weight	Mol. Prop.	Cation Prop.	Oxygen Prop.	Cation prop. based on # of oxygens in ideal formula
SiO <sub>2</sub>	50.38	60.09	0.838	0.838	1.677	1.875
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	3.01	101.96	0.030	0.059	0.089	0.132
TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.45	79.90	0.006	0.006	0.011	0.013
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.95	159.70	0.012	0.024	0.037	0.055
FeO	4.53	71.85	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.141
MnO	0.09	70.94	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.003
MgO	14.69	40.31	0.364	0.364	0.364	0.815
CaO	24.32	56.08	0.432	0.432	0.432	0.966
Na <sub>2</sub> O	0.46	61.97	0.007	0.015	0.007	0.033
K <sub>2</sub> O	0.15	94.19	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.007
total	99.94			sum of oxy. props =	2.683	

← this should be close to the ideal # for Si. If it isn't, check your math

correction factor to bring to ideal 6 oxygens for pyroxene =  $6 \div \text{sum of oxy. props}$

correction factor =  $6 \div 2.683 = 2.235$

### Ionic Radii for the 10 Major Elements in Common Minerals

	4 CN	6 CN	8 CN
<b>P<sup>5+</sup></b>	0.31	0.52	
<b>Si<sup>4+</sup></b>	0.40	0.54	
<b>Al<sup>3+</sup></b>	0.53	0.68	
<b>Ti<sup>4+</sup></b>	0.56	0.75	0.88
<b>Fe<sup>3+</sup></b>	0.63	0.69 - 0.79	0.92
<b>Mg<sup>2+</sup></b>	0.71	0.86	1.03
<b>Mn<sup>2+</sup></b>	0.80	0.81 - 0.97	1.10
<b>Ca<sup>2+</sup></b>		1.14	1.26
<b>Na<sup>1+</sup></b>	1.13	1.16	1.32
<b>K<sup>1+</sup></b>	1.51	1.52	1.65

#### Guidelines for entering values into actual formula:

1. Fill coordination sites backwards from the oxygen.
2. Start with the lowest coordination site - fill it completely starting with smallest cation, then next biggest cation, and next, etc.
3. Then move to the next biggest coordination site and do the same.
4. If a cation can take more than one coordination, you can divide it between coordination sites to fill them to their ideal #s

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#### Actual formula based on measured chemistry:

